

## Miscellaneous integration rules for algebraic functions

1:  $\int u \left( c \left( d (a + b x)^n \right)^q \right)^p dx$  when  $p \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge q \notin \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis:  $\partial_x \frac{(c (d (a+b x)^n)^q)^p}{(a+b x)^{n p q}} = 0$

Note: This should be generalized for arbitrarily deep nesting of powers.

Rule: If  $p \notin \mathbb{Z} \wedge q \notin \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int u \left( c \left( d (a + b x)^n \right)^q \right)^p dx \rightarrow \frac{\left( c \left( d (a + b x)^n \right)^q \right)^p}{(a + b x)^{n p q}} \int u (a + b x)^{n p q} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[u_.*(c_.*(d_*(a_._+b_._* x_))^q_)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
  (c*(d*(a+b*x))^q)^p/(a+b*x)^(p*q)*Int[u*(a+b*x)^(p*q),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,q,p},x] && Not[IntegerQ[q]] && Not[IntegerQ[p]]
```

```
Int[u_.*(c_.*(d_.*(a_._+b_._* x_)^n_)^q_)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
  (c*(d*(a+b*x)^n)^q)^p/(a+b*x)^(n*p*q)*Int[u*(a+b*x)^(n*p*q),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,n,q,p},x] && Not[IntegerQ[q]] && Not[IntegerQ[p]]
```

2.  $\int u \left( c (a + b x^n)^q \right)^p dx$

1:  $\int u \left( c (a + b x^n)^q \right)^p dx$  when  $a \geq 0$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis:  $\partial_x \frac{(c (a+b x^n)^q)^p}{(a+b x^n)^{p q}} = 0$

Rule: If  $a \geq 0$ , then

$$\int u \left( c \left( a + b x^n \right)^q \right)^p dx \rightarrow \frac{\left( c \left( a + b x^n \right)^q \right)^p}{\left( a + b x^n \right)^{pq}} \int u \left( a + b x^n \right)^{pq} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[u_.*(c_.*(a_._+b_._*x_._^n_._)^q_._)^p_,x_Symbol]:=  
Simp[(c*(a+b*x^n)^q)^p/(a+b*x^n)^(p*q)]*Int[u*(a+b*x^n)^(p*q),x]/;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,n,p,q},x] && GeQ[a,0]
```

2:  $\int u \left( c \left( a + b x^n \right)^q \right)^p dx$  when  $a \neq 0$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis:  $\partial_x \frac{(c (a+b x^n)^q)^p}{\left(1+\frac{b x^n}{a}\right)^{pq}} = 0$

Rule: If  $a \neq 0$ , then

$$\int u \left( c \left( a + b x^n \right)^q \right)^p dx \rightarrow \frac{\left( c \left( a + b x^n \right)^q \right)^p}{\left( 1 + \frac{b x^n}{a} \right)^{pq}} \int u \left( 1 + \frac{b x^n}{a} \right)^{pq} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[u_.*(c_.*(a_._+b_._*x_._^n_._)^q_._)^p_,x_Symbol]:=  
Simp[(c*(a+b*x^n)^q)^p/(1+b*x^n/a)^(p*q)]*Int[u*(1+b*x^n/a)^(p*q),x]/;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,n,p,q},x] && Not[GeQ[a,0]]
```

$$3. \int u (e (a + b x^n)^q (c + d x^n)^r)^p dx$$

$$1. \int u (e (a + b x^n)^q (c + d x^n)^r)^p dx \text{ when } r = q \wedge q \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$1: \int u (e (a + b x^n)^q (c + d x^n)^q)^p dx \text{ when } q \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge b c - a d = 0$$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis: If  $q \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge b c - a d = 0$ , then  $(a + b x^n)^q (c + d x^n)^q = \left(\frac{d}{b}\right)^q (a + b x^n)^{2q}$

Rule: If  $q \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge b c - a d = 0$ , then

$$\int u (e (a + b x^n)^q (c + d x^n)^q)^p dx \rightarrow \int u \left( e \left(\frac{d}{b}\right)^q (a + b x^n)^{2q} \right)^p dx$$

— Program code:

```
Int[u_.*(e_.*(a_._+b_._*x_._^n_._)^q_._*(c_._+d_._*x_._^n_._)^q_._)^p_,x_Symbol] :=  
  Int[u*(e*(d/b)^q*(a+b*x^n)^(2*q))^p,x] /;  
  FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n,p},x] && IntegerQ[q] && EqQ[b*c-a*d,0]
```

2:  $\int u (e (a + b x^n)^q (c + d x^n)^q)^p dx \text{ when } q \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge b c + a d = 0$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis: If  $q \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge b c + a d = 0$ , then  $(a + b x^n)^q (c + d x^n)^q = \left( -\frac{a^2 d}{b} + b d x^{2n} \right)^q$

Rule: If  $q \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge b c + a d = 0$ , then

$$\int u (e (a + b x^n)^q (c + d x^n)^q)^p dx \rightarrow \int u \left( e \left( -\frac{a^2 d}{b} + b d x^{2n} \right)^q \right)^p dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[u.*(e_.*(a_._+b_._*x_._^n_._)^q_* (c_._+d_._*x_._^n_._)^q_)^p_,x_Symbol] :=  
  Int[u*(e*(-a^2*d/b+b*d*x^(2*n))^q)^p,x] /;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n,p},x] && IntegerQ[q] && EqQ[b*c+a*d,0]
```

$$\text{Reduction rule: } \int u ((a + bx^n)(c + dx^n))^p dx \text{ when } b + d = 0 \wedge a > 0 \wedge c > 0$$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis: If  $a > 0 \wedge c > 0$ , then  $((a + z)(c - z))^p = (a + z)^p (c - z)^p$

Note: This optional rule sometimes increase the number of integration steps required.

Rule: If  $b + d = 0 \wedge a > 0 \wedge c > 0$ , then

$$\int u ((a + bx^n)(c + dx^n))^p dx \rightarrow \int u (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^p dx$$

Program code:

```
(* Int[u.*((a._+b._*x.^n_.)*(c._+d._*x.^n_.))^p_,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[u*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^p,x] /;
  FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,n,p},x] && EqQ[b+d,0] && GtQ[a,0] && GtQ[c,0] *)
```

$$3: \int u (e (a + b x^n) (c + d x^n))^p dx$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

$$\text{Basis: } e (a + b x^n) (c + d x^n) = a c e + (b c + a d) e x^n + b d e x^{2n}$$

Rule:

$$\int u (e (a + b x^n) (c + d x^n))^p dx \rightarrow \int u (a c e + (b c + a d) e x^n + b d e x^{2n})^p dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[u_.*(e_.*(a_._+b_._*x_._^n_._)*(c_._+d_._*x_._^n_._))^p_,x_Symbol]:=  
  Int[u*(a*c*e+(b*c+a*d)*e*x^n+b*d*e*x^(2*n))^p,x] /;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n,p},x]
```

$$2. \int u \left( e \frac{a + b x^n}{c + d x^n} \right)^p dx$$

1:  $\int u \left( e \frac{a + b x^n}{c + d x^n} \right)^p dx$  when  $b c - a d = 0$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis: If  $b c - a d = 0$ , then  $e \frac{a+b z}{c+d z} = \frac{b e}{d}$

Rule: If  $b c - a d = 0$ , then

$$\int u \left( e \frac{a + b x^n}{c + d x^n} \right)^p dx \rightarrow \left( \frac{b e}{d} \right)^p \int u dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[u_.*(e_.*(a_._+b_._*x_._^n_._)/(c_._+d_._*x_._^n_._))^p_,x_Symbol]:=  
(b*e/d)^p*Int[u,x] /;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n,p},x] && EqQ[b*c-a*d,0]
```

$$2: \int u \left( e^{\frac{a + bx^n}{c + dx^n}} \right)^p dx \text{ when } b d e > 0 \wedge c < \frac{ad}{b}$$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Basis: If  $b d e > 0 \wedge \frac{ad}{b} \leq c$ , then  $\left( e^{\frac{a+bz}{c+dz}} \right)^p = \frac{(e^{(a+bz)})^p}{(c+dz)^p}$

Rule: If  $b d e > 0 \wedge c < \frac{ad}{b}$ , then

$$\int u \left( e^{\frac{a + bx^n}{c + dx^n}} \right)^p dx \rightarrow \int \frac{u (ae + bex^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^p} dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[u_.*(e_.*(a_._+b_._*x_._^n_._)/(c_._+d_._*x_._^n_._))^p_,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[u*(a*e+b*e*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n,p},x] && GtQ[b*d*e,0] && GtQ[c-a*d/b,0]
```

$$x. \int u \left( e \frac{a + b x^n}{c + d x^n} \right)^p dx \text{ when } b c + a d = 0 \wedge \frac{b e}{d} > 0 \quad \text{Necessary ?? ?}$$

$$1: \int u \left( e \frac{a + b x^n}{c + d x^n} \right)^p dx \text{ when } b c + a d = 0 \wedge \frac{b e}{d} > 0 \wedge c > 0$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: If  $b c + a d = 0 \wedge \frac{b e}{d} > 0 \wedge c > 0$ , then  $\left( \frac{a+bz}{c+dz} \right)^p = \frac{(a+bz)^p}{(c+dz)^p}$

Rule: If  $b c + a d = 0 \wedge \frac{b e}{d} > 0 \wedge c > 0$ , then

$$\int u \left( e \frac{a + b x^n}{c + d x^n} \right)^p dx \rightarrow \int u \frac{(a e + b e x^n)^p}{(c + d x^n)^p} dx$$

Program code:

```
(* Int[u.*(e_.*(a_._+b_._*x_._^n_._)/(c_._+d_._*x_._^n_._))^p_,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[u*(a*e+b*e*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n,p},x] && EqQ[b*c+a*d,0] && GtQ[b*e/d,0] && GtQ[c,0] *)
```

2:  $\int u \left( e \frac{a + b x^n}{c + d x^n} \right)^p dx$  when  $b c + a d = 0 \wedge \frac{b e}{d} > 0 \wedge c < 0$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Basis: If  $b c + a d = 0 \wedge \frac{b e}{d} > 0 \wedge c < 0$ , then  $\left( \frac{a+bz}{c+dz} \right)^p = \frac{(-a-bz)^p}{(-c-dz)^p}$

Rule: If  $b c + a d = 0 \wedge \frac{b e}{d} > 0 \wedge c < 0$ , then

$$\int u \left( e \frac{a + b x^n}{c + d x^n} \right)^p dx \rightarrow \int u \frac{(-a e - b e x^n)^p}{(-c - d x^n)^p} dx$$

Program code:

```
(* Int[u_.*(e_.*(a_._+b_._*x_._^n_._)/(c_._+d_._*x_._^n_._))^p_,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[u*(-a*e-b*e*x^n)^p/(-c-d*x^n)^p,x] /;
  FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n,p},x] && EqQ[b*c+a*d,0] && GtQ[b*e/d,0] && LtQ[c,0] *)
```

3:  $\int \left( e \frac{a + b x^n}{c + d x^n} \right)^p dx$  when  $\frac{1}{n} \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If  $\frac{1}{n} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge q \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ , then  $\left( e \frac{a+b x^n}{c+d x^n} \right)^p = \frac{q e (b c - a d)}{n} \text{Subst} \left[ \frac{x^{q(p+1)-1} (-a e + c x^q)^{\frac{1}{n}-1}}{(b e - d x^q)^{\frac{1}{n}+1}}, x, \left( e \frac{a+b x^n}{c+d x^n} \right)^{1/q} \right] \partial_x \left( e \frac{a+b x^n}{c+d x^n} \right)^{1/q}$

Rule: If  $\frac{1}{n} \in \mathbb{Z}$ , let  $q = \text{Denominator}[p]$ , then

$$\int \left( e \frac{a + b x^n}{c + d x^n} \right)^p dx \rightarrow \frac{q e (b c - a d)}{n} \text{Subst} \left[ \int \frac{x^{q(p+1)-1} (-a e + c x^q)^{\frac{1}{n}-1}}{(b e - d x^q)^{\frac{1}{n}+1}} dx, x, \left( e \frac{a+b x^n}{c+d x^n} \right)^{1/q} \right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[(e_.*(a_._+b_._*x_._^n_._)/(c_._+d_._*x_._^n_._))^p_,x_Symbol]:=  
With[{q=Denominator[p]},  
q*e*(b*c-a*d)/n*Subst[  
Int[x^(q*(p+1)-1)*(-a*e+c*x^q)^(1/n-1)/(b*e-d*x^q)^(1/n+1),x],x,(e*(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n))^(1/q)]/;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && FractionQ[p] && IntegerQ[1/n]
```

4.  $\int (f x)^m \left( e \frac{a + b x^n}{c + d x^n} \right)^p dx$  when  $\frac{m+1}{n} \in \mathbb{Z}$

1:  $\int x^m \left( e \frac{a + b x}{c + d x} \right)^p dx$  when  $m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge p \in \mathbb{F}$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If  $m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge q \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ , then  $x^m \left( e \frac{a+b x}{c+d x} \right)^p = q e (b c - a d) \text{Subst} \left[ \frac{x^{q(p+1)-1} (-a e + c x^q)^m}{(b e - d x^q)^{m+2}}, x, \left( e \frac{a+b x}{c+d x} \right)^{1/q} \right] \partial_x \left( e \frac{a+b x}{c+d x} \right)^{1/q}$

Rule: If  $m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge p \in \mathbb{F}$ , let  $q = \text{Denominator}[p]$ , then

$$\int x^m \left( e \frac{a + b x}{c + d x} \right)^p dx \rightarrow q e (b c - a d) \text{Subst} \left[ \int \frac{x^{q(p+1)-1} (-a e + c x^q)^m}{(b e - d x^q)^{m+2}} dx, x, \left( e \frac{a + b x}{c + d x} \right)^{1/q} \right]$$

## Program code:

```
Int[x^m.*(e.*(a.+b.*x_)/(c.+d.*x_))^p_,x_Symbol] :=  
With[{q=Denominator[p]},  
q*e*(b*c-a*d)*Subst[Int[x^(q*(p+1)-1)*(-a*e+c*x^q)^m/(b*e-d*x^q)^(m+2),x],x,(e*(a+b*x)/(c+d*x))^(1/q)] /;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,m},x] && FractionQ[p] && IntegerQ[m]
```

2.  $\int (f x)^m \left( e \frac{a + b x^n}{c + d x^n} \right)^p dx$  when  $\frac{m+1}{n} \in \mathbb{Z}$

1:  $\int x^m \left( e \frac{a + b x^n}{c + d x^n} \right)^p dx$  when  $\frac{m+1}{n} \in \mathbb{Z}$

## Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If  $\frac{m+1}{n} \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then  $x^m F[x^n] = \frac{1}{n} \text{Subst}[x^{\frac{m+1}{n}-1} F[x], x, x^n] \partial_x x^n$

Rule: If  $\frac{m+1}{n} \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int x^m \left( e \frac{a + b x^n}{c + d x^n} \right)^p dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{n} \text{Subst} \left[ \int x^{\frac{m+1}{n}-1} \left( e \frac{a + b x}{c + d x} \right)^p dx, x, x^n \right]$$

## Program code:

```
Int[x^m.*(e.*(a.+b.*x.^n_.)/(c.+d.*x.^n_.))^p_,x_Symbol] :=  
1/n*Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m+1)/n]-1)*(e*(a+b*x)/(c+d*x))^p,x],x,x^n] /;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,m,n,p},x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m+1)/n]]
```

$$2: \int (fx)^m \left( e \frac{a + bx^n}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx \text{ when } \frac{m+1}{n} \in \mathbb{Z}$$

## Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis:  $\partial_x \frac{(cx)^m}{x^m} = 0$

Rule: If  $\frac{m+1}{n} \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int (fx)^m \left( e \frac{a + bx^n}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx \rightarrow \frac{(cx)^m}{x^m} \int x^m \left( e \frac{a + bx^n}{c + dx^n} \right)^p dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(f*x_)^m*(e_*(a_+b_*x_*^n_))/(c_+d_*x_*^n_)]^p_,x_Symbol]:=  
Simp[(c*x)^m/x^m]*Int[x^m*(e*(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n))^p,x] /;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,m,n,p},x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m+1)/n]]
```

5:  $\int P_x^r \left( e \frac{a+b x^n}{c+d x^n} \right)^p dx$  when  $\frac{1}{n} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge r \in \mathbb{Z}$

## Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If  $\frac{1}{n} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge q \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ , then

$$F[x] \left( e \frac{a+b x^n}{c+d x^n} \right)^p = \frac{q e (b c - a d)}{n} \text{Subst} \left[ \frac{x^{q(p+1)-1} (-a e + c x^q)^{\frac{1}{n}-1}}{(b e - d x^q)^{\frac{1}{n}+1}} F \left[ \frac{(-a e + c x^q)^{\frac{1}{n}}}{(b e - d x^q)^{\frac{1}{n}}} \right], x, \left( e \frac{a+b x^n}{c+d x^n} \right)^{1/q} \right] \partial_x \left( e \frac{a+b x^n}{c+d x^n} \right)^{1/q}$$

Rule: If  $\frac{1}{n} \in \mathbb{Z}$ , let  $q = \text{Denominator}[p]$ , then

$$\int P_x^r \left( e \frac{a+b x^n}{c+d x^n} \right)^p dx \rightarrow \frac{q e (b c - a d)}{n} \text{Subst} \left[ \int \frac{x^{q(p+1)-1} (-a e + c x^q)^{\frac{1}{n}-1}}{(b e - d x^q)^{\frac{1}{n}+1}} \text{Subst} \left[ P_x, x, \frac{(-a e + c x^q)^{\frac{1}{n}}}{(b e - d x^q)^{\frac{1}{n}}} \right]^r dx, x, \left( e \frac{a+b x^n}{c+d x^n} \right)^{1/q} \right]$$

## Program code:

```
Int[u^r_.*(e_.*(a_._+b_._*x_._^n_._)/(c_._+d_._*x_._^n_._))^p_,x_Symbol]:=  
With[{q=Denominator[p]},  
q*e*(b*c-a*d)/n*Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[x^(q*(p+1)-1)*(-a*e+c*x^q)^(1/n-1)/(b*e-d*x^q)^(1/n+1)*  
ReplaceAll[u,x→(-a*e+c*x^q)^(1/n)/(b*e-d*x^q)^(1/n)]^r,x],x,(e*(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n))^(1/q)]]/;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && PolynomialQ[u,x] && FractionQ[p] && IntegerQ[1/n] && IntegerQ[r]
```

6:  $\int x^m P_x^r \left( e \frac{a+b x^n}{c+d x^n} \right)^p dx$  when  $\frac{1}{n} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge (m \mid r) \in \mathbb{Z}$

## Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If  $\frac{1}{n} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge q \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ , then

$$x^m F[x] \left( e \frac{a+b x^n}{c+d x^n} \right)^p = \frac{q e (b c - a d)}{n} \text{Subst} \left[ \frac{x^{q(p+1)-1} (-a e + c x^q)^{\frac{m+1}{n}-1}}{(b e - d x^q)^{\frac{m+1}{n}+1}} F \left[ \frac{(-a e + c x^q)^{\frac{1}{n}}}{(b e - d x^q)^{\frac{1}{n}}} \right], x, \left( e \frac{a+b x^n}{c+d x^n} \right)^{1/q} \right] \partial_x \left( e \frac{a+b x^n}{c+d x^n} \right)^{1/q}$$

Rule: If  $\frac{1}{n} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge (m \mid r) \in \mathbb{Z}$ , let  $q = \text{Denominator}[p]$ , then

$$\int x^m P_x^r \left( e \frac{a + b x^n}{c + d x^n} \right)^p dx \rightarrow \frac{q e (b c - a d)}{n} \text{Subst} \left[ \int \frac{x^{q(p+1)-1} (-a e + c x^q)^{\frac{m+1}{n}-1}}{(b e - d x^q)^{\frac{m+1}{n}+1}} \text{Subst} \left[ P_x, x, \frac{(-a e + c x^q)^{\frac{1}{n}}}{(b e - d x^q)^{\frac{1}{n}}} \right]^r dx, x, \left( e \frac{a + b x^n}{c + d x^n} \right)^{1/q} \right]$$

## Program code:

```
Int[x^m.*u^r.* (e.* (a.+b.*x.^n.)/(c.+d.*x.^n.))^p_,x_Symbol] :=
With[{q=Denominator[p]},
q*e*(b*c-a*d)/n*Subst[Int[SimplifyIntegrand[x^(q*(p+1)-1)*(-a*e+c*x^q)^( (m+1)/n-1)/(b*e-d*x^q)^( (m+1)/n+1)*
ReplaceAll[u,x→(-a*e+c*x^q)^(1/n)/(b*e-d*x^q)^(1/n)]^r,x],x,(e*(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n))^(1/q)]];
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e},x] && PolynomialQ[u,x] && FractionQ[p] && IntegerQ[1/n] && IntegersQ[m,r]
```

3:  $\int u \left( a + \frac{b}{c + d x^n} \right)^p dx$

## Derivation: Algebraic expansion

### Rule:

$$\int u \left( a + \frac{b}{c + d x^n} \right)^p dx \rightarrow \int u \left( \frac{b + a c + a d x^n}{c + d x^n} \right)^p dx$$

## Program code:

```
Int[u.*(a.+b./ (c.+d.*x.^n.))^p_,x_Symbol] :=
Int[u*((b+a*c+a*d*x^n)/(c+d*x^n))^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,n,p},x]
```

4:  $\int u \left( e (a + b x^n)^q (c + d x^n)^r \right)^p dx$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

Basis:  $\partial_x \frac{(e (a+b x^n)^q (c+d x^n)^r)^p}{(a+b x^n)^{p q} (c+d x^n)^{p r}} = 0$

– Rule:

$$\int u \left( e (a + b x^n)^q (c + d x^n)^r \right)^p dx \rightarrow \frac{\left( e (a + b x^n)^q (c + d x^n)^r \right)^p}{(a + b x^n)^{p q} (c + d x^n)^{p r}} \int u (a + b x^n)^{p q} (c + d x^n)^{p r} dx$$

– Program code:

```
Int[u_.*(e_.*(a_._+b_._*x_._^n_._)^q_._*(c_._+d_._*x_._^n_._)^r_._)^p_,x_Symbol]:=  
Simp[(e*(a+b*x^n)^q*(c+d*x^n)^r)^p/((a+b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c+d*x^n)^(p*r))]*  
Int[u*(a+b*x^n)^(p*q)*(c+d*x^n)^(p*r),x]/;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n,p,q,r},x]
```

$$4. \int u \left( a + b \left( \frac{c}{x} \right)^n \right)^p dx$$

1:  $\int \left( a + b \left( \frac{c}{x} \right)^n \right)^p dx$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis:  $F \left[ \frac{c}{x} \right] = -c \text{Subst} \left[ \frac{F[x]}{x^2}, x, \frac{c}{x} \right] \partial_x \frac{c}{x}$

Rule:

$$\int \left( a + b \left( \frac{c}{x} \right)^n \right)^p dx \rightarrow -c \text{Subst} \left[ \int \frac{(a + b x^n)^p}{x^2} dx, x, \frac{c}{x} \right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a_.+b_.*(c_./x_)^n_)^p_,x_Symbol]:=  
-c*Subst[Int[(a+b*x^n)^p/x^2,x],x,c/x]/;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,n,p},x]
```

$$2. \int (dx)^m \left( a + b \left( \frac{c}{x} \right)^n \right)^p dx$$

**1:**  $\int x^m \left( a + b \left( \frac{c}{x} \right)^n \right)^p dx$  when  $m \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If  $m \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then  $x^m F\left[\frac{c}{x}\right] = -c^{m+1} \text{Subst}\left[\frac{F[x]}{x^{m+2}}, x, \frac{c}{x}\right] \partial_x \frac{c}{x}$

Rule: If  $m \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int x^m \left( a + b \left( \frac{c}{x} \right)^n \right)^p dx \rightarrow -c^{m+1} \text{Subst}\left[ \int \frac{(a + b x^n)^p}{x^{m+2}} dx, x, \frac{c}{x} \right]$$

— Program code:

```
Int[x_^m_.*(a_._+b_._*(c_._/x_)^n_)^p_,x_Symbol]:=  
-c^(m+1)*Subst[Int[(a+b*x^n)^p/x^(m+2),x],x,c/x]/;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,n,p},x] && IntegerQ[m]
```

$$2: \int (dx)^m \left( a + b \left( \frac{c}{x} \right)^n \right)^p dx \text{ when } m \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction and integration by substitution

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x \left( (dx)^m \left( \frac{c}{x} \right)^m \right) = 0$$

$$\text{Basis: } F \left[ \frac{c}{x} \right] = -c \text{ Subst} \left[ \frac{F[x]}{x^2}, x, \frac{c}{x} \right] \partial_x \frac{c}{x}$$

Rule: If  $m \notin \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int (dx)^m \left( a + b \left( \frac{c}{x} \right)^n \right)^p dx \rightarrow (dx)^m \left( \frac{c}{x} \right)^m \int \frac{\left( a + b \left( \frac{c}{x} \right)^n \right)^p}{\left( \frac{c}{x} \right)^m} dx \rightarrow -c (dx)^m \left( \frac{c}{x} \right)^m \text{Subst} \left[ \int \frac{\left( a + b x^n \right)^p}{x^{m+2}} dx, x, \frac{c}{x} \right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[(d_.*x_)^m_*(a_.+b_.*(c_./x_)^n_)^p_,x_Symbol]:=  
-c*(d*x)^m*(c/x)^m*Subst[Int[(a+b*x^n)^p/x^(m+2),x],x,c/x];;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,m,n,p},x] && Not[IntegerQ[m]]
```

$$5. \int u \left( a + b \left( \frac{d}{x} \right)^n + c \left( \frac{d}{x} \right)^{2n} \right)^p dx$$

$$1: \int \left( a + b \left( \frac{d}{x} \right)^n + c \left( \frac{d}{x} \right)^{2n} \right)^p dx$$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis:  $F \left[ \frac{d}{x} \right] = -d \text{Subst} \left[ \frac{F[x]}{x^2}, x, \frac{d}{x} \right] \partial_x \frac{d}{x}$

Rule:

$$\int \left( a + b \left( \frac{d}{x} \right)^n + c \left( \frac{d}{x} \right)^{2n} \right)^p dx \rightarrow -d \text{Subst} \left[ \int \frac{(a + b x^n + c x^{2n})^p}{x^2} dx, x, \frac{d}{x} \right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a.+b.* (d./x.)^n+c.* (d./x.)^n2_.)^p_,x_Symbol]:=  
-d*Subst[Int[(a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^p/x^2,x],x,d/x];;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,n,p},x] && EqQ[n2,2*n]
```

$$2. \int (ex)^m \left( a + b \left( \frac{d}{x} \right)^n + c \left( \frac{d}{x} \right)^{2n} \right)^p dx$$

1:  $\int x^m \left( a + b \left( \frac{d}{x} \right)^n + c \left( \frac{d}{x} \right)^{2n} \right)^p dx$  when  $m \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If  $m \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then  $x^m F\left[\frac{d}{x}\right] = -d^{m+1} \text{Subst}\left[\frac{F[x]}{x^{m+2}}, x, \frac{d}{x}\right] \partial_x \frac{d}{x}$

Rule: If  $m \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int x^m \left( a + b \left( \frac{d}{x} \right)^n + c \left( \frac{d}{x} \right)^{2n} \right)^p dx \rightarrow -d^{m+1} \text{Subst}\left[ \int \frac{(a + b x^n + c x^{2n})^p}{x^{m+2}} dx, x, \frac{d}{x} \right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[x_^m_.*(a+b_.*(d_./x_)^n+c_.*(d_./x_)^n2_.)^p_,x_Symbol]:=  
-d^(m+1)*Subst[Int[(a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^p/x^(m+2),x],x,d/x];  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,n,p},x] && EqQ[n2,2*n] && IntegerQ[m]
```

$$2: \int (e x)^m \left( a + b \left( \frac{d}{x} \right)^n + c \left( \frac{d}{x} \right)^{2n} \right)^p dx \text{ when } m \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction and integration by substitution

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x \left( (e x)^m \left( \frac{d}{x} \right)^m \right) = 0$$

$$\text{Basis: } F \left[ \frac{d}{x} \right] = -d \text{ Subst} \left[ \frac{F[x]}{x^2}, x, \frac{d}{x} \right] \partial_x \frac{d}{x}$$

– Rule: If  $m \notin \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int (e x)^m \left( a + b \left( \frac{d}{x} \right)^n + c \left( \frac{d}{x} \right)^{2n} \right)^p dx \rightarrow (e x)^m \left( \frac{d}{x} \right)^m \int \frac{\left( a + b \left( \frac{d}{x} \right)^n + c \left( \frac{d}{x} \right)^{2n} \right)^p}{\left( \frac{d}{x} \right)^m} dx \rightarrow -d (e x)^m \left( \frac{d}{x} \right)^m \text{Subst} \left[ \int \frac{(a + b x^n + c x^{2n})^p}{x^{m+2}} dx, x, \frac{d}{x} \right]$$

– Program code:

```
Int[(e.*x.)^m*(a+b.*(d./x.)^n+c.*(d./x.)^(n2.)*p.,x_Symbol] :=
-d*(e*x)^m*(d/x)^m*Subst[Int[(a+b*x^n+c*x^(2*n))^p/x^(m+2),x],x,d/x];
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,m,n,p},x] && EqQ[n2,2*n] && Not[IntegerQ[m]]
```

$$6. \int u \left( a + b \left( \frac{d}{x} \right)^n + c x^{-2n} \right)^p dx \text{ when } 2n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$1: \int \left( a + b \left( \frac{d}{x} \right)^n + c x^{-2n} \right)^p dx \text{ when } 2n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

$$\text{Basis: } F \left[ \frac{d}{x} \right] = -d \text{ Subst} \left[ \frac{F[x]}{x^2}, x, \frac{d}{x} \right] \partial_x \frac{d}{x}$$

– Rule: If  $2n \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int \left( a + b \left( \frac{d}{x} \right)^n + c x^{-2n} \right)^p dx \rightarrow \int \left( a + b \left( \frac{d}{x} \right)^n + \frac{c}{d^{2n}} \left( \frac{d}{x} \right)^{2n} \right)^p dx \rightarrow -d \text{Subst} \left[ \int \frac{\left( a + b x^n + \frac{c}{d^{2n}} x^{2n} \right)^p}{x^2} dx, x, \frac{d}{x} \right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[(a_+b_.*(d_./x_)^n+c_.*x_^n2_.)^p_,x_Symbol]:=  
-d*Subst[Int[(a+b*x^n+c/d^(2*n)*x^(2*n))^p/x^2,x],x,d/x]/;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,n,p},x] && EqQ[n2,-2*n] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

2.  $\int (ex)^m \left( a + b \left( \frac{d}{x} \right)^n + c x^{-2n} \right)^p dx$  when  $2n \in \mathbb{Z}$

1:  $\int x^m \left( a + b \left( \frac{d}{x} \right)^n + c x^{-2n} \right)^p dx$  when  $2n \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If  $m \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then  $x^m F\left[\frac{d}{x}\right] = -d^{m+1} \text{Subst}\left[\frac{F[x]}{x^{m+2}}, x, \frac{d}{x}\right] \partial_x \frac{d}{x}$

Rule: If  $2n \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int x^m \left( a + b \left( \frac{d}{x} \right)^n + c x^{-2n} \right)^p dx \rightarrow \int x^m \left( a + b \left( \frac{d}{x} \right)^n + \frac{c}{d^{2n}} \left( \frac{d}{x} \right)^{2n} \right)^p dx \rightarrow -d^{m+1} \text{Subst} \left[ \int \frac{\left( a + b x^n + \frac{c}{d^{2n}} x^{2n} \right)^p}{x^{m+2}} dx, x, \frac{d}{x} \right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[x_^m_.*(a_+b_.*(d_./x_)^n+c_.*x_^n2_.)^p_,x_Symbol]:=  
-d^(m+1)*Subst[Int[(a+b*x^n+c/d^(2*n)*x^(2*n))^p/x^(m+2),x],x,d/x]/;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,n,p},x] && EqQ[n2,-2*n] && IntegerQ[2*n] && IntegerQ[m]
```

$$2: \int (e x)^m \left( a + b \left( \frac{d}{x} \right)^n + c x^{-2n} \right)^p dx \text{ when } 2n \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction and integration by substitution

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x \left( (e x)^m \left( \frac{d}{x} \right)^m \right) = 0$$

$$\text{Basis: } F \left[ \frac{d}{x} \right] = -d \text{ Subst} \left[ \frac{F[x]}{x^2}, x, \frac{d}{x} \right] \partial_x \frac{d}{x}$$

– Rule: If  $2n \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge m \notin \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int (e x)^m \left( a + b \left( \frac{d}{x} \right)^n + c x^{-2n} \right)^p dx \rightarrow (e x)^m \left( \frac{d}{x} \right)^m \int \frac{\left( a + b \left( \frac{d}{x} \right)^n + \frac{c}{d^{2n}} \left( \frac{d}{x} \right)^{2n} \right)^p}{\left( \frac{d}{x} \right)^m} dx \rightarrow -d (e x)^m \left( \frac{d}{x} \right)^m \text{Subst} \left[ \int \frac{\left( a + b x^n + \frac{c}{d^{2n}} x^{2n} \right)^p}{x^{m+2}} dx, x, \frac{d}{x} \right]$$

– Program code:

```
Int[(e_.*x_)^m_*(a_+b_.*(d_./x_)^n_+c_.*x_^-n2_-.)^p_,x_Symbol]:=  
-d*(e*x)^m*(d/x)^m*Subst[Int[(a+b*x^n+c/d^(2*n)*x^(2*n))^p/x^(m+2),x],x,d/x];;  
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,n,p},x] && EqQ[n2,-2*n] && Not[IntegerQ[m]] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

$$7: \int u \left( e \left( a + b x^n \right)^r \right)^p \left( f \left( c + d x^n \right)^s \right)^q dx$$

Derivation: Piecewise constant extraction

$$\text{Basis: } \partial_x \frac{(e(a+b x^n)^r)^p (f(c+d x^n)^s)^q}{(a+b x^n)^{p r} (c+d x^n)^{q s}} = 0$$

– Rule:

$$\int u \left( e \left( a + b x^n \right)^r \right)^p \left( f \left( c + d x^n \right)^s \right)^q dx \rightarrow \frac{\left( e \left( a + b x^n \right)^r \right)^p \left( f \left( c + d x^n \right)^s \right)^q}{\left( a + b x^n \right)^{p r} \left( c + d x^n \right)^{q s}} \int u \left( a + b x^n \right)^{p r} \left( c + d x^n \right)^{q s} dx$$

– Program code:

```
Int[u_.*(e_.*(a_+b_.*x_^.n_.)^r_.)^p_* (f_.*(c_+d_.*x_^.n_.)^s_.)^q_,x_Symbol] :=  
  (e*(a+b*x^n)^r)^p*(f*(c+d*x^n)^s)^q/((a+b*x^n)^(p*r)*(c+d*x^n)^(q*s))*  
  Int[u*(a+b*x^n)^(p*r)*(c+d*x^n)^(q*s),x] /;  
 FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,e,f,n,p,q,r,s},x]
```

## Rules for normalizing algebraic functions

### 1. Binomial products

#### 1. Linear

**1:**  $\int u^m dx$  when  $u = a + b x$

Derivation: Algebraic normalization

Rule: If  $u = a + b x$ , then

$$\int u^m dx \rightarrow \int (a + b x)^m dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[u_^m_,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[ExpandToSum[u,x]^m,x] /;
FreeQ[m,x] && LinearQ[u,x] && Not[LinearMatchQ[u,x]]
```

2:  $\int u^m v^n dx$  when  $u = a + bx \wedge v = c + dx$

### Derivation: Algebraic normalization

Rule: If  $u = a + bx \wedge v = c + dx$ , then

$$\int u^m v^n dx \rightarrow \int (a + bx)^m (c + dx)^n dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[u_^m_.*v_^n_.,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[ExpandToSum[u,x]^m*ExpandToSum[v,x]^n,x] /;
  FreeQ[{m,n},x] && LinearQ[{u,v},x] && Not[LinearMatchQ[{u,v},x]]
```

3:  $\int u^m v^n w^p dx$  when  $u = a + bx \wedge v = c + dx \wedge w = e + fx$

### Derivation: Algebraic normalization

Rule: If  $u = a + bx \wedge v = c + dx \wedge w = e + fx$ , then

$$\int u^m v^n w^p dx \rightarrow \int (a + bx)^m (c + dx)^n (e + fx)^p dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[u_^m_.*v_^n_.*w_^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[ExpandToSum[u,x]^m*ExpandToSum[v,x]^n*ExpandToSum[w,x]^p,x] /;
  FreeQ[{m,n,p},x] && LinearQ[{u,v,w},x] && Not[LinearMatchQ[{u,v,w},x]]
```

**4:**  $\int u^m v^n w^p z^q dx$  when  $u = a + b x \wedge v = c + d x \wedge w = e + f x \wedge z = g + h x$

### Derivation: Algebraic normalization

Rule: If  $u = a + b x \wedge v = c + d x \wedge w = e + f x \wedge z = g + h x$ , then

$$\int u^m v^n w^p z^q dx \rightarrow \int (a + b x)^m (c + d x)^n (e + f x)^p (g + h x)^q dx$$

### Program code:

```
Int[u_^m_.*v_^n_.*w_^p_.*z_^q_.,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[ExpandToSum[u,x]^m*ExpandToSum[v,x]^n*ExpandToSum[w,x]^p*ExpandToSum[z,x]^q,x] /;
  FreeQ[{m,n,p,q},x] && LinearQ[{u,v,w,z},x] && Not[LinearMatchQ[{u,v,w,z},x]]
```

### 3. General

**1:**  $\int u^p dx$  when  $u = a + b x^n$

### Derivation: Algebraic normalization

Rule: If  $u = a + b x^n$ , then

$$\int u^p dx \rightarrow \int (a + b x^n)^p dx$$

### Program code:

```
Int[u_^p_,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[ExpandToSum[u,x]^p,x] /;
  FreeQ[p,x] && BinomialQ[u,x] && Not[BinomialMatchQ[u,x]]
```

2:  $\int (c x)^m u^p dx$  when  $u = a + b x^n$

Derivation: Algebraic normalization

Rule: If  $u = a + b x^n$ , then

$$\int (c x)^m u^p dx \rightarrow \int (c x)^m (a + b x^n)^p dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(c.*x.)^m.*u.^p.,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[(c*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u,x]^p,x] ;
FreeQ[{c,m,p},x] && BinomialQ[u,x] && Not[BinomialMatchQ[u,x]]
```

3:  $\int u^p v^q dx$  when  $u = a + b x^n \wedge v = c + d x^n$

Derivation: Algebraic normalization

Rule: If  $u = a + b x^n \wedge v = c + d x^n$ , then

$$\int u^p v^q dx \rightarrow \int (a + b x^n)^p (c + d x^n)^q dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[u.^p.*v.^q.,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[ExpandToSum[u,x]^p*ExpandToSum[v,x]^q,x] ;
FreeQ[{p,q},x] && BinomialQ[{u,v},x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u,x]-BinomialDegree[v,x],0] && Not[BinomialMatchQ[{u,v},x]]
```

4:  $\int (e x)^m u^p v^q dx$  when  $u = a + b x^n \wedge v = c + d x^n$

### Derivation: Algebraic normalization

Rule: If  $u = a + b x^n \wedge v = c + d x^n$ , then

$$\int (e x)^m u^p v^q dx \rightarrow \int (e x)^m (a + b x^n)^p (c + d x^n)^q dx$$

### Program code:

```
Int[(e.*x.)^m.*u.^p.*v.^q.,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[(e*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u,x]^p*ExpandToSum[v,x]^q,x] /;
FreeQ[{e,m,p,q},x] && BinomialQ[{u,v},x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u,x]-BinomialDegree[v,x],0] && Not[BinomialMatchQ[{u,v},x]]
```

5:  $\int u^m v^p w^q dx$  when  $u = a + b x^n \wedge v = c + d x^n \wedge w = e + f x^n$

### Derivation: Algebraic normalization

Rule: If  $u = a + b x^n \wedge v = c + d x^n \wedge w = e + f x^n$ , then

$$\int u^m v^p w^q dx \rightarrow \int (a + b x^n)^m (c + d x^n)^p (e + f x^n)^q dx$$

### Program code:

```
Int[u.^m.*v.^p.*w.^q.,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[ExpandToSum[u,x]^m*ExpandToSum[v,x]^p*ExpandToSum[w,x]^q,x] /;
FreeQ[{m,p,q},x] && BinomialQ[{u,v,w},x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u,x]-BinomialDegree[v,x],0] &&
EqQ[BinomialDegree[u,x]-BinomialDegree[w,x],0] && Not[BinomialMatchQ[{u,v,w},x]]
```

6:  $\int (g x)^m u^p v^q z^r dx$  when  $u = a + b x^n \wedge v = c + d x^n \wedge z = e + f x^n$

### Derivation: Algebraic normalization

Rule: If  $u = a + b x^n \wedge v = c + d x^n \wedge z = e + f x^n$ , then

$$\int (g x)^m u^p v^q z^r dx \rightarrow \int (g x)^m (a + b x^n)^p (c + d x^n)^q (e + f x^n)^r dx$$

### Program code:

```
Int[(g.*x.)^m.*u.^p.*v.^q.*z.^r.,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[(g*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u,x]^p*ExpandToSum[v,x]^q*ExpandToSum[z,x]^r,x] /;
  FreeQ[{g,m,p,q,r},x] && BinomialQ[{u,v,z},x] && EqQ[BinomialDegree[u,x]-BinomialDegree[v,x],0] &&
  EqQ[BinomialDegree[u,x]-BinomialDegree[z,x],0] && Not[BinomialMatchQ[{u,v,z},x]]
```

7:  $\int (c x)^m P_q[x] u^p dx$  when  $u = a + b x^n$

### Derivation: Algebraic normalization

Rule: If  $u = a + b x^n$ , then

$$\int (c x)^m P_q[x] u^p dx \rightarrow \int (c x)^m P_q[x] (a + b x^n)^p dx$$

### Program code:

```
Int[(c.*x.)^m.*Pq_*u.^p.,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[(c*x)^m*Pq*ExpandToSum[u,x]^p,x] /;
  FreeQ[{c,m,p},x] && PolyQ[Pq,x] && BinomialQ[u,x] && Not[BinomialMatchQ[u,x]]
```

#### 4. Improper

**1:**  $\int u^p dx$  when  $u = a x^j + b x^n$

#### Derivation: Algebraic normalization

– Rule: If  $u = a x^j + b x^n$ , then

$$\int u^p dx \rightarrow \int (a x^j + b x^n)^p dx$$

– Program code:

```
Int[u_^p_,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[ExpandToSum[u,x]^p,x] /;
  FreeQ[p,x] && GeneralizedBinomialQ[u,x] && Not[GeneralizedBinomialMatchQ[u,x]]
```

**2:**  $\int (c x)^m u^p dx$  when  $u = a x^j + b x^n$

#### Derivation: Algebraic normalization

– Rule: If  $u = a x^j + b x^n$ , then

$$\int (c x)^m u^p dx \rightarrow \int (c x)^m (a x^j + b x^n)^p dx$$

– Program code:

```
Int[(c_.*x_)^m_.*u_^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[(c*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u,x]^p,x] /;
  FreeQ[{c,m,p},x] && GeneralizedBinomialQ[u,x] && Not[GeneralizedBinomialMatchQ[u,x]]
```

## 2 Trinomial products

### 1. Quadratic

1:  $\int u^p dx$  when  $u = a + b x + c x^2$

Derivation: Algebraic normalization

Rule: If  $u = a + b x + c x^2$ , then

$$\int u^p dx \rightarrow \int (a + b x + c x^2)^p dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[u_^p_,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[ExpandToSum[u,x]^p,x] /;
  FreeQ[p,x] && QuadraticQ[u,x] && Not[QuadraticMatchQ[u,x]]
```

2:  $\int u^m v^p dx$  when  $u = d + e x \wedge v = a + b x + c x^2$

Derivation: Algebraic normalization

Rule: If  $u = d + e x \wedge v = a + b x + c x^2$ , then

$$\int u^m v^p dx \rightarrow \int (d + e x)^m (a + b x + c x^2)^p dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[u_^.v_^.p_.x_Symbol] :=
  Int[ExpandToSum[u,x]^m*ExpandToSum[v,x]^p,x] /;
  FreeQ[{m,p},x] && LinearQ[u,x] && QuadraticQ[v,x] && Not[LinearMatchQ[u,x] && QuadraticMatchQ[v,x]]
```

3:  $\int u^m v^n w^p dx$  when  $u = d + e x \wedge v = f + g x \wedge w = a + b x + c x^2$

### Derivation: Algebraic normalization

Rule: If  $u = d + e x \wedge v = f + g x \wedge w = a + b x + c x^2$ , then

$$\int u^m v^n w^p dx \rightarrow \int (d + e x)^m (f + g x)^n (a + b x + c x^2)^p dx$$

### Program code:

```
Int[u_^m_.*v_^n_.*w_^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[ExpandToSum[u,x]^m*ExpandToSum[v,x]^n*ExpandToSum[w,x]^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{m,n,p},x] && LinearQ[{u,v},x] && QuadraticQ[w,x] && Not[LinearMatchQ[{u,v},x] && QuadraticMatchQ[w,x]]
```

4:  $\int u^p v^q dx$  when  $u = a + b x + c x^2 \wedge v = d + e x + f x^2$

### Derivation: Algebraic normalization

Rule: If  $u = a + b x + c x^2 \wedge v = d + e x + f x^2$ , then

$$\int u^p v^q dx \rightarrow \int (a + b x + c x^2)^p (d + e x + f x^2)^q dx$$

### Program code:

```
Int[u_^p_.*v_^q_.,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[ExpandToSum[u,x]^p*ExpandToSum[v,x]^q,x] /;
FreeQ[{p,q},x] && QuadraticQ[{u,v},x] && Not[QuadraticMatchQ[{u,v},x]]
```

5:  $\int z^m u^p v^q dx$  when  $z = g + h x \wedge u = a + b x + c x^2 \wedge v = d + e x + f x^2$

### Derivation: Algebraic normalization

Note: This normalization needs to be done before trying polynomial integration rules.

Rule: If  $z = g + h x \wedge u = a + b x + c x^2 \wedge v = d + e x + f x^2$ , then

$$\int z^m u^p v^q dx \rightarrow \int (g + h x)^m (a + b x + c x^2)^p (d + e x + f x^2)^q dx$$

### Program code:

```
Int[z_^m_.*u_^.p_.*v_^.q_.,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[ExpandToSum[z,x]^m*ExpandToSum[u,x]^p*ExpandToSum[v,x]^q,x] /;
  FreeQ[{m,p,q},x] && LinearQ[z,x] && QuadraticQ[{u,v},x] && Not[LinearMatchQ[z,x] && QuadraticMatchQ[{u,v},x]]
```

6:  $\int P_q[x] u^p dx$  when  $u = a + b x + c x^2$

### Derivation: Algebraic normalization

Rule: If  $u = a + b x + c x^2$ , then

$$\int P_q[x] u^p dx \rightarrow \int P_q[x] (a + b x + c x^2)^p dx$$

### Program code:

```
Int[Pq_*u_^.p_.,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[Pq*ExpandToSum[u,x]^p,x] /;
  FreeQ[p,x] && PolyQ[Pq,x] && QuadraticQ[u,x] && Not[QuadraticMatchQ[u,x]]
```

7:  $\int u^m P_q[x] v^p dx$  when  $u = d + e x \wedge v = a + b x + c x^2$

Derivation: Algebraic normalization

Rule: If  $u = d + e x \wedge v = a + b x + c x^2$ , then

$$\int u^m P_q[x] v^p dx \rightarrow \int (d + e x)^m P_q[x] (a + b x + c x^2)^p dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[u_^m_.*Pq_*v_^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[ExpandToSum[u,x]^m*Pq*ExpandToSum[v,x]^p,x] /;
  FreeQ[{m,p},x] && PolyQ[Pq,x] && LinearQ[u,x] && QuadraticQ[v,x] && Not[LinearMatchQ[u,x] && QuadraticMatchQ[v,x]]
```

### 3. General

1:  $\int u^p dx$  when  $u = a + b x^n + c x^{2n}$

Derivation: Algebraic normalization

Rule: If  $u = a + b x^n + c x^{2n}$ , then

$$\int u^p dx \rightarrow \int (a + b x^n + c x^{2n})^p dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[u_^p_,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[ExpandToSum[u,x]^p,x] /;
  FreeQ[p,x] && TrinomialQ[u,x] && Not[TrinomialMatchQ[u,x]]
```

2:  $\int (d x)^m u^p dx$  when  $u = a + b x^n + c x^{2n}$

### Derivation: Algebraic normalization

Rule: If  $u = a + b x^n + c x^{2n}$ , then

$$\int (d x)^m u^p dx \rightarrow \int (d x)^m (a + b x^n + c x^{2n})^p dx$$

### Program code:

```
Int[(d.*x.)^m.*u.^p.,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[(d*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u,x]^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{d,m,p},x] && TrinomialQ[u,x] && Not[TrinomialMatchQ[u,x]]
```

3:  $\int u^q v^p dx$  when  $u = d + e x^n \wedge v = a + b x^n + c x^{2n}$

### Derivation: Algebraic normalization

Rule: If  $u = d + e x^n \wedge v = a + b x^n + c x^{2n}$ , then

$$\int u^q v^p dx \rightarrow \int (d + e x^n)^q (a + b x^n + c x^{2n})^p dx$$

### Program code:

```
Int[u.^q.*v.^p.,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[ExpandToSum[u,x]^q*ExpandToSum[v,x]^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{p,q},x] && BinomialQ[u,x] && TrinomialQ[v,x] && Not[BinomialMatchQ[u,x] && TrinomialMatchQ[v,x]]
```

```
Int[u.^q.*v.^p.,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[ExpandToSum[u,x]^q*ExpandToSum[v,x]^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{p,q},x] && BinomialQ[u,x] && BinomialQ[v,x] && Not[BinomialMatchQ[u,x] && BinomialMatchQ[v,x]]
```

4:  $\int (f x)^m z^q u^p dx$  when  $z = d + e x^n \wedge u = a + b x^n + c x^{2n}$

### Derivation: Algebraic normalization

Rule: If  $z = d + e x^n \wedge u = a + b x^n + c x^{2n}$ , then

$$\int (f x)^m z^q u^p dx \rightarrow \int (f x)^m (d + e x^n)^q (a + b x^n + c x^{2n})^p dx$$

### Program code:

```
Int[(f_*x_)^m_*z_*^q_*u_*^p_,x_Symbol] :=  
  Int[(f*x)^m*ExpandToSum[z,x]^q*ExpandToSum[u,x]^p,x] /;  
  FreeQ[{f,m,p,q},x] && BinomialQ[z,x] && TrinomialQ[u,x] && Not[BinomialMatchQ[z,x] && TrinomialMatchQ[u,x]]
```

```
Int[(f_*x_)^m_*z_*^q_*u_*^p_,x_Symbol] :=  
  Int[(f*x)^m*ExpandToSum[z,x]^q*ExpandToSum[u,x]^p,x] /;  
  FreeQ[{f,m,p,q},x] && BinomialQ[z,x] && BinomialQ[u,x] && Not[BinomialMatchQ[z,x] && BinomialMatchQ[u,x]]
```

5:  $\int P_q[x] u^p dx$  when  $u = a + b x^n + c x^{2n}$

### Derivation: Algebraic normalization

Rule: If  $u = a + b x^n + c x^{2n}$ , then

$$\int P_q[x] u^p dx \rightarrow \int P_q[x] (a + b x^n + c x^{2n})^p dx$$

### Program code:

```
Int[Pq_*u_^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[Pq*ExpandToSum[u,x]^p,x] /;
  FreeQ[p,x] && PolyQ[Pq,x] && TrinomialQ[u,x] && Not[TrinomialMatchQ[u,x]]
```

6:  $\int (d x)^m P_q[x] u^p dx$  when  $u = a + b x^n + c x^{2n}$

### Derivation: Algebraic normalization

Rule: If  $u = a + b x^n + c x^{2n}$ , then

$$\int (d x)^m P_q[x] u^p dx \rightarrow \int (d x)^m P_q[x] (a + b x^n + c x^{2n})^p dx$$

### Program code:

```
Int[(d_.*x_)^m_.*Pq_*u_^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[(d*x)^m*Pq*ExpandToSum[u,x]^p,x] /;
  FreeQ[{d,m,p},x] && PolyQ[Pq,x] && TrinomialQ[u,x] && Not[TrinomialMatchQ[u,x]]
```

#### 4. Improper

**1:**  $\int u^p dx$  when  $u = a x^q + b x^n + c x^{2n-q}$

#### Derivation: Algebraic normalization

– Rule: If  $u = a x^q + b x^n + c x^{2n-q}$ , then

$$\int u^p dx \rightarrow \int (a x^q + b x^n + c x^{2n-q})^p dx$$

– Program code:

```
Int[u_^p_,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[ExpandToSum[u,x]^p,x] /;
  FreeQ[p,x] && GeneralizedTrinomialQ[u,x] && Not[GeneralizedTrinomialMatchQ[u,x]]
```

**2:**  $\int (d x)^m u^p dx$  when  $u = a x^q + b x^n + c x^{2n-q}$

#### Derivation: Algebraic normalization

– Rule: If  $u = a x^q + b x^n + c x^{2n-q}$ , then

$$\int (d x)^m u^p dx \rightarrow \int (d x)^m (a x^q + b x^n + c x^{2n-q})^p dx$$

– Program code:

```
Int[(d_.*x_)^m_.*u_^p_,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[(d*x)^m*ExpandToSum[u,x]^p,x] /;
  FreeQ[{d,m,p},x] && GeneralizedTrinomialQ[u,x] && Not[GeneralizedTrinomialMatchQ[u,x]]
```

3:  $\int z u^p dx$  when  $z = A + B x^{n-q} \wedge u = a x^q + b x^n + c x^{2n-q}$

### Derivation: Algebraic normalization

Rule: If  $z = A + B x^{n-q} \wedge u = a x^q + b x^n + c x^{2n-q}$ , then

$$\int z u^p dx \rightarrow \int (A + B x^{n-q}) (a x^q + b x^n + c x^{2n-q})^p dx$$

### Program code:

```
Int[z_*u_^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[ExpandToSum[z,x]*ExpandToSum[u,x]^p,x] /;
FreeQ[p,x] && BinomialQ[z,x] && GeneralizedTrinomialQ[u,x] &&
EqQ[BinomialDegree[z,x]-GeneralizedTrinomialDegree[u,x],0] && Not[BinomialMatchQ[z,x] && GeneralizedTrinomialMatchQ[u,x]]
```

4:  $\int (f x)^m z u^p dx$  when  $z = A + B x^{n-q} \wedge u = a x^q + b x^n + c x^{2n-q}$

### Derivation: Algebraic normalization

Rule: If  $z = A + B x^{n-q} \wedge u = a x^q + b x^n + c x^{2n-q}$ , then

$$\int (f x)^m z u^p dx \rightarrow \int (f x)^m (A + B x^{n-q}) (a x^q + b x^n + c x^{2n-q})^p dx$$

### Program code:

```
Int[(f_.*x_)^m_.*z_*u_^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[(f*x)^m*ExpandToSum[z,x]*ExpandToSum[u,x]^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{f,m,p},x] && BinomialQ[z,x] && GeneralizedTrinomialQ[u,x] &&
EqQ[BinomialDegree[z,x]-GeneralizedTrinomialDegree[u,x],0] && Not[BinomialMatchQ[z,x] && GeneralizedTrinomialMatchQ[u,x]]
```

